تاريخ آزمون: 15. 99. 10 نام و نام خانوادگی: بسمه تعالي اداره کل آموزش ویرورش استان اردبیل نام كلاس: مدت آزمون: 80 دقيقه مديريت آموزش ويرورش ناحيه يک اردبيل شماره صندلي: آزمون: زبان انگلیسی (3) دبیرستان دوره دوم شیخ مفید تعداد صفحات: 3 صفحه رشته: همه رشته ها A. Look at the pictures and write the suitable sentences for each one. (2) 2 3..... 4..... B. Fill in the blanks with the words given . One word is extra .(2) founded-compiled - shares - stands for - respect 5. IT.....Information Technology. 7. The first Persian dictionary was...... in the 5th century. 8. This school was......30 years ago in Ardabil. C. Match the definitions with the words. (1) 9. To be grateful for a. in a quiet way 10.calmly b. to suddenly decide to do something 11.jump into c. to put things in a neat order 12.arrange d. appreciate D. Fill in the blanks with collocations. (2) 13. Tinathe sofa and watches TV all the time. 14.Dr. Gharib spared to cure sick children.. E. Odd one out . (1) 15.a)famous b)distinguished c)physician d) well-known 16. a) useful b)helpful c)effective d)confusing

F. Choose the correct answer. (4)						
17. These technological developments were hardly30 years ago. a) probable b) imaginable c) communicable d) recommendable						
a) Procuert a) recommendate						
18. You can buy an electronic version of the dictionary and save money						
a) for instance b) by the way c) in this way d) all the time						
19. There is a big difference between choosing to do somethingto do it.						
a)but being forced b) and being forced c) and to be forced d) but to be forced						
20. Diabetes can beif you reduce your sugar intake and exercise regularly.						
a) achievable b) avoidable c) replaceable d) separable						
21.Jack thinks that his team members easily won the competition because they are familiar with group work,?						
a) aren't they b) didn't they c) doesn't she d) didn't she						
22.Many apartmentsfor the poor employees during the last five years.						
a) are built b) were building c) have built d) have been built						
23. The drug won't beavailable until it has been thoroughly tested.						
a) socially b) effectively c) suddenly d) commercially						
24. Your father read Quran in Ramadan last year,?						
a) does he b) doesn't he c) didn't he d) did he						
G. Make active and passive sentences.(3) 25.he/ repairing/ car/ is/my/ the moment/at						
active:						
passive:						
26.find/ scientists / to problems /solutions.						
active:						
passive:						
H. Write appropriate tag questions.(1.5) 27. He always plays volleyball,?						
28. They hardly know each other,?						
29. Everything in that shop is very expensive,?						
27. Everything in that shop is very expensive,						
I. Put the words in the correct order. (1.5)						
30.asked / a question / my teacher/ so /replied/ I.						
1						

31.by the police/ last week	/ the robber/ was found .						
J. Complete the following sentences. (1) 32. Mike was unable to control his emotions, and							
33. She made me very angry, however ,							
K. Cloze Test.(2.5)							
A monolingual learners' dictionary or MLD is a type of dictionary34 to meet the reference needs of people learning a foreign language. MLDs are based on the idea that language learners should35 from a bilingual dictionary to a monolingual one when they become more advanced in their target language, but that general-purpose dictionaries (aimed at native speakers) are inappropriate for their needs. Dictionaries for learners36 information on grammar, usage, common errors and collocation, which is largely missing from standard dictionaries, because native speakers tend to know these37 of language naturally. And while the38 in standard dictionaries are often written in difficult language, those in a monolingual learners' dictionary aim to be simple and accessible.							
34. a)is designing	b)which designed	c) designed		d)designing			
35. a)support	b) progress	c)contain		d)identify			
36. a)create	b)produce	c)include	ζO, (d)connect			
37. a)aspects	b)levels	c)entries		d)volumes			
38. a)introductions	b)definitions	c)generation	S C	l)collocations			
L. Reading comprehe							
How to use a dictionary A dictionary is one of the most important tools for everyone who is learning a new language. With a good dictionary you can do a lot of things such as looking up the meaning of an English word you see or hear. It also gives examples of how to use the words in sentences correctly. Therefore, it is necessary to know how to use a dictionary. To use a dictionary you need to know the English alphabet perfectly. For words with more than one meaning you should choose one makes more sense in the context. Checking the spelling and pronunciation are other uses that a dictionary offers. Likewise, a dictionary provides readers with synonyms, antonyms, collocations, and grammatical information about a word. In short, learning a new language is fun by the use of a suitable dictionary.							
39. What is a dictionary?							
40. What can we check in a dictionary?							
41) which one is closest meaning to "look up " in line "2"?							
a) listen b) search for	or c) write	d) figure out					
True or False							
42.Dictionary offers only one meaning for a word.			True□	$False\square$			
43.An important tool for learning a language is a dictionary.			True \square	$False \square$			
Wish you the best!							