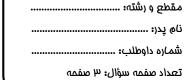
نام درس: زبان پایه یازدهم نام دبیر: علی عاشوری تاریخ امتحان: ۱۳۹۷/۰۳/۷ ساعت امتحان: ۸ صبح مدت امتحان: ۷۰ دقیقه

جمهوری اسلامی ایران اداره ی کل آموزش و پرورش شهر تهران اداره ی آموزش و پرورش شهر تهران منطقه ۲تهران



نام و نام خانوادگی:



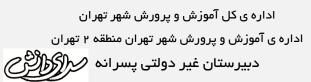
فارم	محل مهر یا امضاء مدیر	سؤالات	رديف
	A. Match the sentences with the picture	es.	
	۱. Having high blood pressure is not good for health. ()		
	۲. Weaving a rug is a difficult for men. ()		
	۳. Imagine you are traveling in space. ()		
	٤. This decorative watch costs ۲۰۰ dollars. ()		
	a b	c d	
١			١
	\$ 2		
		Section where to be an	
		;(O'	
		₹	
	Fill in the blanks with the given words. The	re is one extra word in the list.	
	de <mark>crease / exists / gain</mark>	/heart / prevent	
,	2. Danier haliana that life	-	۱ ۲
'	o. Do you believe that life on other planets?		'
	7. Our neighbor had a attack last night.		
	Y. You will weight if you eat junk food.		
	۸. Doing regular exercises will many diseases.		
	D. Match the words in column "A" with "B"	'. There is one extra in "B".	
1	А	В	
	9. exchange () a.	speakers	
	1 · . native () b.	regions	
	9 \ ,	members	٣
	17. family ()	knowledge	
	e	lot	

نمونه سوال امتحانی بیشتر در -> blog.limoonad.com فیلمهای آموزش درسی در ->

	E. Grammar: Choose the best answer. 1°. Nastaran: Where is my share of the cake, mom? Mom: Sorry. Your brother has left	: Where is my share of the cake, mom? rry. Your brother has left	
,	G. Grammar: Look at the pictures and write the missing words. 1	۵	
۲	I. Fill in the blanks with the given words. There is one extra word in the context. ((carefully / drawing / foreign / looked at / problems / restaurant / returned / traveling / while)) Let's think you are in a ۲ country. If you don't know the language of that country, you may have a lot of ۲ in the United Y Here is the story of a Frenchman who was ۲ in the United States. One day he was eating in a and wanted to order some mushrooms. Because he didn't know English, he asked for a pencil and paper and drew a picture of a mushroom. But his his drawing and went away. He		

Write the correct form of the words in the parenthesis. 7- Jenjoy
TY. "Can you speak English?" "Yes, it is easy for me
TY. I
ry. I
TY. She has promised me
J. Reading Comprehention. For many years people have been trying to create a simple universal language that would serve all over the world as a common means of communication. In the last three hundred years, more than seven hundred such languages have been suggested. The most successful and the most popular of these is a language called Esperanto. It was invented by Ludwig Zamenhof, who lived in Poland. When he was growing up, he saw that people from different backgrounds who lived in Poland had lots of difficulties communicating with each other. This often led to disagreements. Ludwig felt that a common language would help them understand each other better and agree with each other. So he began working on a common international language. He started his work while he was still at school! In \alpha \alpha \alpha, he published some information about his new language. He did not use his real name. He used the name Dr. Esperanto (which means "one who hopes"). Soon people from all over the world became interested in his language, called Esperanto. Today, Esperanto is spoken by about eight million people throughout the world. Many governments and international organizations recognize it in many ways. Esperanto is often used on radio broadcasts from official government stations. **T*\alpha**. What is the Reading mainly about?* 1) The life of a Polish school boy 2) Invention of a universal language 2) How Esperanto has helped people 2) How people often do not understand each other **TV.What does the word "these" in line * refer to? 2) Years 2) Years 3) Means 3) Ludwig was afraid of people, so he changed his name. 3) Ludwig was afraid of people, so he changed his name. 3) Ludwig started to work on his idea when he was very young. 3) Esperanto has been widely used for the last three hundred years. 3) Many people did not understand Ludwig, so they disagreed with him. **A*What do we understand about Ludwig Zamenhof?* 3) He was hopeful that his invention would become successful one day. 3) He had difficult
J. Reading Comprehention. For many years people have been trying to create a simple universal language that would serve all over the world as a common means of communication. In the last three hundred years, more than seven hundred such languages have been suggested. The most successful and the most popular of these is a language called Esperanto. It was invented by Ludwig Zamenhof, who lived in Poland. When he was growing up, he saw that people from different backgrounds who lived in Poland had lots of difficulties communicating with each other. This often led to disagreements. Ludwig felt that a common language would help them understand each other better and agree with each other. So he began working on a common international language. He started his work while he was still at school! In \(^{1}\A^{1}\A^{1}\), he published some information about his new language. He did not use his real name. He used the name Dr. Esperanto (which means "one who hopes"). Soon people from all over the world became interested in his language, called Esperanto. Today, Esperanto is spoken by about eight million people throughout the world. Many governments and international organizations recognize it in many ways. Esperanto is often used on radio broadcasts from official government stations. **T'.What is the Reading mainly about?* 1) The life of a Polish school boy 2) Invention of a universal language 7) How Esperanto has helped people 2) How people often do not understand each other **TY.What does the word "these" in line * refer to? 1) Years 1) Years 1) Means 1) Ludwig was afraid of people, so he changed his name. 1) Ludwig started to work on his idea when he was very young. 2) Esperanto has been widely used for the last three hundred years. 2) Many people did not understand Ludwig, so they disagreed with him. 2) He was hopeful that his invention would become successful one day. 3) He had difficulty communicating with people when he was growing up. 3) He had difficulty communicating with people when he was growi
For many years people have been trying to create a simple universal language that would serve all over the world as a common means of communication. In the last three hundred years, more than seven hundred such languages have been suggested. The most successful and the most popular of these is a language called Esperanto. It was invented by Ludwig Zamenhof, who lived in Poland. When he was growing up, he saw that people from different backgrounds who lived in Poland had lots of difficulties communicating with each other. This often led to disagreements. Ludwig felt that a common language would help them understand each other better and agree with each other. So he began working on a common international language. He started his work while he was still at school! In \hat\text{NAV}, he published some information about his new language. He did not use his real name. He used the name Dr. Esperanto (which means "one who hopes"). Soon people from all over the world became interested in his language, called Esperanto. Today, Esperanto is spoken by about eight million people throughout the world. Many governments and international organizations recognize it in many ways. Esperanto is often used on radio broadcasts from official government stations. **T*.What is the Reading mainly about?* 1) The life of a Polish school boy 1) Invention of a universal language 2) How Esperanto has helped people 2) How people often do not understand each other **V*.What does the word "these" in line \frac{\text{refer to?}}{\text{refer to?}}\$ 1) Years 2) Ludwig was afraid of people, so he changed his name. 3) Ludwig started to work on his idea when he was very young. 3) Esperanto has been widely used for the last three hundred years. 3) Many people did not understand Ludwig, so they disagreed with him. 3) He was hopeful that his invention would become successful one day. 3) He had difficulty communicating with people when he was growing up.
Final Exam = ۱۲ Speaking = ٤ Listening = ٤

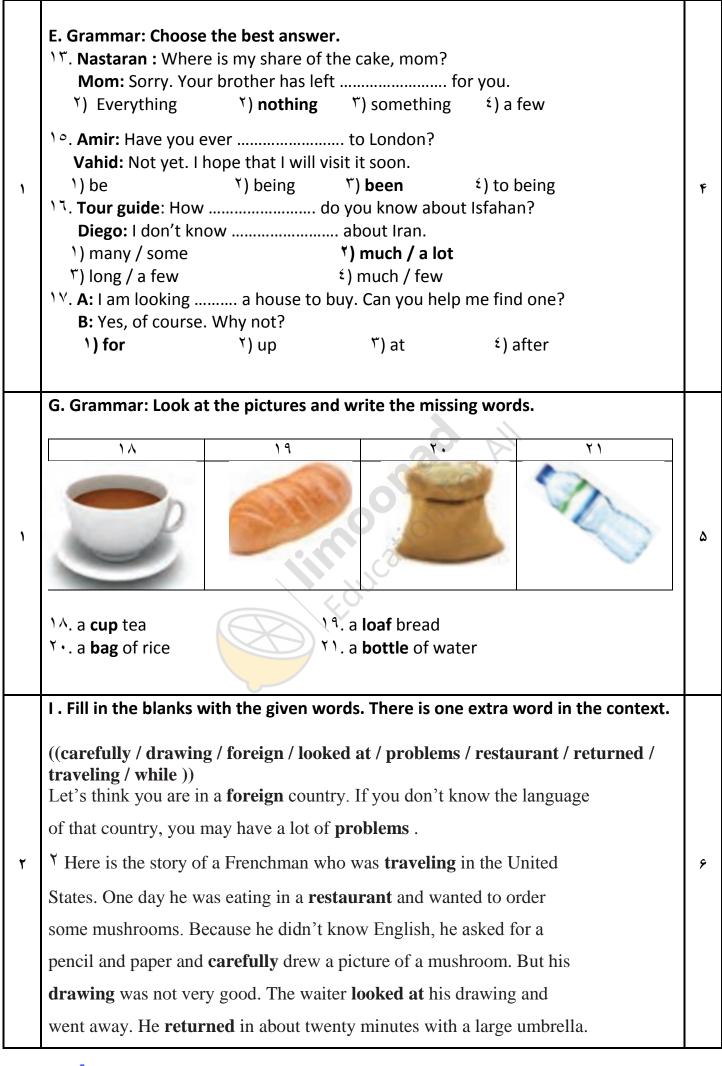
نام درس: **زبان پایه یازدهم**نام دبیر: **عاشوری**تاریخ امتمان: ۷۰ /۳۰/۷۹
ساعت امتمان: ۸ <mark>صبح</mark>/ عصر مدت امتمان: ۷۰ دقیقه





كليد سؤالات پايان تره نوبت دوه سال تمصيلي ٩٧-٩٧

فارم	محل مهر یا امضاء مدیر	سؤالات	رديف
	B. Match the sentences with the pictures. 1. Having high blood pressure is not good for health. (b) 1. Weaving a rug is a difficult for men. (d) 1. Imagine you are traveling in space. (a) 1. This decorative watch costs 1. dollars. (c)		
`	a b		,
	Fill in the blanks with the given words. There is one extra word in the list.		
١	 decrease / exists / gain / heart / prevent To you believe that life exists on other planets? Our neighbor had a heart attack last night. You will gain weight if you eat junk food. Doing regular exercises will prevent many diseases. 		٢
	D. Match the words in column "A"	with "B". There is one extra in "B".	
	A 9. exchange = d 10. native = a 11. farming = b	a. speakers b. regions c. members	٣



	Writing:		
	Write the correct form of the words in the parenthesis.		
	۳۰.۱ enjoy traveling . What about you? (travel)		
	۳۱. "Can you speak English?" "Yes, it is easy for me to speak English. (speak)		
٣	۳۲. I haven't seen him yet. He hab been abroad for ۱۰ years. (see)		
	٣٣.What will you do if you find some money? (do)		
	۳۴. She has promised me to be on time. (be)		
	ొది. Mr. Salimi is very interested in to learn English. (learn)		
۲	J. Reading Comprehention. For many years people have been trying to create a simple universal language that would serve all over the world as a common means of communication. In the last three hundred years, more than seven hundred such languages have been suggested. The most successful and the most popular of these is a language called Esperanto. It was invented by Ludwig Zamenhof, who lived in Poland. When he was growing up, he saw that people from different backgrounds who lived in Poland had lots of difficulties communicating with each other. This often led to disagreements. Ludwig felt that a common language would help them understand each other better and agree with each other. So he began working on a common international language. He started his work while he was still at school! In \(^{1}\text{AV}\), he published some information about his new language. He did not use his real name. He used the name Dr. Esperanto (which means "one who hopes"). Soon people from all over the world became interested in his language, called Esperanto. Today, Esperanto is spoken by about eight million people throughout the world. Many governments and international organizations recognize it in many ways. Esperanto is often used on radio broadcasts from official government stations. **T.What is the Reading mainly about?** 1) The life of a Polish school boy 1) Invention of a universal language 7) How Esperanto has helped people 2) How people often do not understand each other **V.What does the word "these" in line 4 refer to? 1) Ludwig started to work on his idea when he was very voung. 7) Esperanto has been widely used for the last three hundred years. 2) Ludwig started to work on his idea when he was very voung. 7) Ludwig started to work on his idea when he was very voung. 7) He was hopeful that his invention would become successful one day. 7) He had difficulty communicating with people when he was growing up. 7) He had difficulty communicating with people when he was growing up. 7) He had begin the final be		

Good Luck		
امضاء:	نام و نام خانوادگی مصحح : علی عاشوری	- جمع بارم : ۲۰

