



6) Look at the picture and answer the question. (0.5 point)

A) What were the boys doing when you got home?



7) Rearrange the words to make a sentence. (0.5 point)

A) more / silver / than / gold / is / expensive.

.....

8) In each sentence, find the error and correct it. (1 point)

A) Her sister cleans the rooms careful.	B) I am guessing Hamed needs help.
.....	.....

9) Write each underlined word in the correct boxes in the following table. (2 points)



People usually go to different place by different means of travel. If they want to arrive fast, they can travel by a plane. Some people prefer to travel by train. Actually it is cheap. But sometime it is not easy to find train and plain tickets. So they use their cars, but they should drive carefully.

(A) <i>noun</i>	(B) <i>verb</i>	(C) <i>adjective</i>	(D) <i>adverb</i>
.....	.....	.....	.....
.....	.....	.....	.....

10) Read these sentences and complete the incomplete words. (0.5 point)

A) Ali is an *en \_ rget \_ c* boy.

B) There are many *p \_ ram \_ ds* in Egypt.



11) Complete the following sentences with the proper form of adverbs. (0.5 point)

- A) Ali tried (hard) .....to answer all questions.  
B) Can you talk (quiet) ....., please.

12) Match the pictures with the sentences. Two sentences are extra. (1 point)



A) .....

B) .....



C) .....

D) .....

- a. It makes our travels faster and easier.  
b. Our body is a wonderful system.  
c. Heart pumps blood around the body.  
d. Everyone needs this to travel abroad.  
e. We use this to take pictures very easily.  
f. They are helping the injured animals.

13) Cloze Test (1 point)

Avicenna was born in Bokhara in 359. He was one the most important Iranian .....(A). As a doctor he helped many patients. He wrote many books such as “Shefa” and “Ghanoon”. “Ghanoon” is about .....(B) and how to cure the sick people. Other scientists .....(C) it into different languages. As a great thinker and researcher he .....(D) in Hamedan in 416 Tir 2.

- |                  |               |                |              |
|------------------|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| A) a. scientists | b. teachers   | c. hunters     | d. farmers   |
| B) a. reciting   | b. teaching   | c. translating | d. medicine  |
| C) a. believed   | b. translated | c. solved      | d. give up   |
| D) a. took out   | b. put out    | c. died        | d. put aside |

14) Read the text and answer the questions. (2 points)



### Helen Keller

Helen Adams Keller was born in the northwest Alabama city of Tuscumbia on June 27, 1880. She was an American author and lecturer. Her father was a retired and his mother an educated woman. When Keller was 19 months old, she became very sick. She had a high fever and a bad headache for several days and left her deaf and blind.

Keller was extremely intelligent and tried to understand her surrounding through touch, smell and taste. Her life changed in March 1887. On that day, Anne Mansfield Sullivan came to Tuscumbia to be her teacher. Anne Sullivan gave the child a doll by spelling word "d-o-l-l" into her hand. During the next 3 months, she learned 300 words and could even put some of them into sentences. Helen and her teacher were able to talk to each other by using the hand language.

Helen learned to read books and use the typewriter to write what she wanted to say. She could speak with difficulty, and practiced speaking day after day until at last her voice become clear. Later she was able to speak in front of a lot of people who came listen to her lectures. And she wrote "*the story of My Life*" while she was in college. Keller passed away in her sleep on June 1, 1968.

Answer the following question.

A) What made Helen Keller deaf and blind?

.....

B) What is the name of Helen Keller's book?

.....

C) Helen Keller died when she was 89 years old.

T ( ) F ( )

D) Helen Keller had lost both her sight and hearing when she was born.

T ( ) F ( )

E) Anne Sullivan came to teach Helen Keller when she was 7 years old.

T ( ) F ( )

F) Anne used .....language to teach Helen by spelling of the words.

a) mother

b) second

c) body

d) native